THE

SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtick.

Monday, December 20*th*, 1742. [*Numb.* 456]

SMYRNA, [in Turky] July 11.

ON the 8th about eight in the Evening, a Fire broke out with ſuch Vehemence in the Houſe of a Jew, that it not only conſum'd it to the Ground, but reduced to Aſhes ſeveral of the Edifices adjacent. The Flames at laſt took hold of the Turkiſh Tribunal, ſo that in a ſhort Time the whole Weſtern Side of the City was in a Flame; but by the Help of quick and diligent Aſſiſtance they were at laſt extinguiſhed. In the mean Time the Wind ſhifting, drove the Fire with ſuch Violence towards the North North-Eaſt, that on the 9th the Jewiſh Quarter was again in Flames, and every Houſe of it burnt to the Ground. From thence the Fire communicated it ſelf to the Greek Quarter, and deſtroyed all to the Magazines of the Alexandrian Traders, and even puſhed its Conqueſt to the Dutch Burying Ground. It run along the Corn and Wood Markets, 'till it came to that which is call'd Meneſſhali-Ghan, and even Half of it was conſumed before the Dutch could bring their Engine to play, which preſerved their Factory. The French alſo plied theirs with ſo great Diligence, that they ſaved their Quarters. Yeſterday in the Evening we diſcerned the Fire creeping under the Cinders, on the Side of the Old Caſtle on the Mountain. The Diſtreſs brought upon us by this deplorable Accident is inexpreſſible; the Jews are reduced to Beggary, the Alexandrian Traders have ſuffered deeply, the European Chriſtians had the good Luck to carry off their beſt Effects in Time on board the Ships in the Harbour. The Seamen were particularly uſeful upon this Occaſion, and eſpecially the Dutch, who aſſiſted the Inhabitants to the utmoſt of their Power.

Peterſburgh, [in Ruſſia] Auguſt 8.

The Imperial Academy of Sciences had a Meeting a few Days ago, wherein a Letter from the Empreſs was read, importing, 'That her Imperial Majeſty having propoſed 'for the Model of her Reign that of the Emperor Peter 'the Great, and being deſirous, in Imitation of that Prince, 'to encourage ſuch uſeful Diſcoveries as may be made in 'her Empire, ſhe charges the Academy to chuſe ſome 'Perſons expert in Navigation and the Mathematicks, in 'order to proceed in the Obſervations begun, for diſcovering a Paſſage by the North-Sea to Japan and China, 'to the End that a regular Navigation may be ſet on Foot 'between the Ruſſian Empire and the Eaſt-Indies.

Peterſburgh, September 7. *Extract of the Journal of Feldt-Marſhal Count Laſcy, relating to the Succeſs of her Majeſty's Arms in Finland, after the Capitulation granted at Helſingfors.*

'The 25th of Auguſt we took Poſſeſſion of all the Swediſh Forts and Magazines: The Swediſh Artillery, which we are become Maſters of, purſuant to the Terms of the Capitulation, conſiſts of 90 Cannon, from 24 to 3-Pounders, with all their Implements; 3000 Bombs of 10 lb. 650 Barrels of Gun-powder. The Magazines are fill'd with all ſorts of Proviſions and Forage. The 26th the Swediſh Regiments begun to embark their Baggage, but none of the Finlanders would paſs into Sweden; on the contrary, they came immediately into our Camp, ſubmitted themſelves to her Majeſty, and took the Oath of Fidelity in the ſame Form as her natural born Subjects do. There were 10 of the ſaid Regiments which deliver'd to us their Colours and Arms, viz. 16 Standards, 30 Colours, 1 pair of Kettle Drums, 5196 Muskets, 1569 pair of Piſtols, 91 Half-Pikes, 3269 Swords, 1594 Sabres, 2800 Belts, 4671 Harneſſes, 243 Tents, 1670 Buckets, 1645 Saddles and Furniture. Thoſe 10 Regiments were compoſe'd of two Brigadier Majors, 92 commiſſion'd Officers, 190 non-commiſſion'd Officers, 6304 Corporals, Drums and private Men, 391 Followers of the Regiments, in the whole 7019, and there are 1789 Dragoon and Baggage Horſes. After they had deliver'd to us what is above mentioned, and taken the Oath of Fidelity, they had Permiſſion to return to their reſpective Habitations. The 28th 18 Swediſh Regiments of Foot embark'd, furniſhed with Paſſports, and ſail'd for Sweden. Four Regiments of Dragoons, that were not provided with Neceſſaries for Embarkation, obtain'd Leave to take their Route by Abo, with Orders to march without halting; and Four Regiments of Huſſars accompanied them to protect the Inhabitants of the Country. So it is, that, by the Bleſſing of God, and the Succeſs of the juſt Arms of her Majeſty, we have obtain'd a ſignal Advantage over our Enemy, and taken Poſſeſſion of the whole Dutchy of Finland, without any Loſs of Blood on our Side, and with a conſiderable one on that of the Swedes. The Swediſh Camp was very advantageouſly poſted near Helſingfors, its two Wings were defended by the Sea; they had erected 15 Batteries upon the Mountains, which defended their Right; and although there was a Way, which leads to the Town, and to the Camp a-croſs the Defiles, we could not poſſibly have paſſed them without receiving the whole Fire of thoſe Batteries: Inſomuch that there was but one Place on the Left to attack the Camp, where, on Account of the Moraſſes, the Cavalry would have been entirely uſeleſs; which we could not have undertaken without a conſiderable Loſs, becauſe the Army of the Enemy was but one 4th inferior to ours.

Lisbon, [in Portugal] Auguſt 24.

Three Algerine Rovers have had the Inſolence to cruize under the Guns of the Fort of St John and the Tower of Bugia, whereby not only all our Commerce is diſturbed, but we are diſtreſſed in Point of Proviſions; for ſince their taking ſeveral Fiſhing Boats, the Fiſhermen inſiſt upon having Convoys before they venture out. His Majeſty continues very ill of the dead Palſy.

Madrid, [in Spain] September 7.

The Duke de Termoli, Ambaſſador from the King of the Two Sicilies, a few Days ago declar'd to his Majeſty, that the King his Maſter had entered into a Neutrality, and had ordered his Troops to ſeparate from thoſe of Spain, and return into the Kingdom of Naples. This News does not ſeem to be at all agreeable to your Court, which ſtill perſiſts in its Deſigns upon Italy; and has ſent Orders to M. Gage, who has at preſent the Command of the Spaniſh Army, to return into Lombardy, in order to make a Diverſion in Favour of Don Philip.

Leghorn, [in Italy] September 8.

We begin to be out of all Apprehenſions of the Spaniards making any Attempt on this Place. Daily Applications are made to the Regency, for Leave to tranſport the Baggage of the Spaniſh Army from hence; which makes us conjecture theſe troubleſome Gueſts will ſoon find ſome Way or other Home. A Report has lately been ſpread, as if the Court of Spain had entered into a freſh Negociation with that of Turin, but this meets with very little Credit here. We are ſenſible that his Sardinian Majeſty, has entirely diſappointed the Views of the Spaniſh Queen, and we cannot diſcover how a Reconcilement ſhould ſet things right again. Beſides, tho' France has declined joining her Troops with thoſe of Don Philip in his Irruption into Savoy, yet ſurely his Sardinian Majeſty will not readily forgive the concerting this Expedition; eſpecially if it ſhould appear, as many ſuſpect it will, that the true Deſign is, as Lorrain was acquired by a Father, ſo Savoy may be obtained by a Son in Law, for France.

From the Auſtrian Head Quarters near Ober Altaich, [in Bavaria] September 12.

Lieutenant Colonel Trenck, having got Poſſeſſion of Vichuſch,

Vichtech, was detached by Veit Marſhal Khevenhuller to go to Cham, and endeavour to make himſelf Maſter of it, as being one of the beſt Towns in Bavaria. The aforeſaid Gentleman having march'd immediately, went thither to ſommon the Commandant of the Place, Colonel Count Kunigl, who was there with a Battalion of Bavarians, and gave him to underſtand, That being comprehended in the Capitulation of Lintz, he ought to quit the Town, and go into the open Country of the Palatinate, conformably to the ſaid Capitulation; which he refuſing, Count Khevenhuller wrote him a Letter; after which, he demanded ſome Time to reflect upon it, which Baron Trenck granted him. In the mean Time two Men of Baron Trenck's Detachment having advanced too near the Town, they fired at them, and wounded one dangerouſly, having ſhot him thro' the Body. The Beſieged having committed this firſt Act of Hoſtility, Baron Trenck demanded Satisfaction for it: To which Colonel Kunigl having anſwered, That it had been done without his Knowledge, and contrary to his Orders, Trenck inſiſted upon a categorical Anſwer whether he would evacuate the Place or not: Which the other having refuſed, Trenck made ſome Motions as if he intended to go away; which occaſion'd great Joy in the Town, and immediately Muſick was heard from all their Towers. In the mean Time Lieutenant Colonel Trenck went to another Side of the Town, and fell into the Suburbs where indeed they fired briskly on him, but without diſcouraging him. Whilſt he was employed in ſetting Fire to the Suburbs, and that they were firing at him from all ſides of the Town, one of thoſe Houſes catched Fire; which Lieutenant Colonel Trenck perceiving, he gave Orders to fire againſt this Houſe, as well with Muſkets as Field Pieces, in order to drive away thoſe who were endeavouring to put it out. The Wind, in a ſhort Time, increaſed the Flames to ſo great a Degree, that the whole Town was quickly reduced to Aſhes, little more than one Church being left. The Commandant not being able to walk, having the Gout, remained in the Town with the Grenadiers, but the Reſt of the Garriſon were gone out on the oppoſite Side. But as ſoon as Lieutenant Colonel Trenck was informed of it, he purſued them, and made them an Offer of Pardon; which they accepted of with Joy, having directly laid down their Arms, and entreated, as a Favour, to be received into the Queen of Hungary's Service, having excuſed themſelves for their Ignorance about the Capitulation of Lintz, ſome of their Officers having told them, that it was no longer in Force. With this Battalion they took five pair of Colours, and found in the Town eleven Pieces of Cannon. The Pandours got an immenſe Booty by the taking of this Place, the Inhabitants of all the adjacent Country having lodged their Effects in it for Security.

Turin, [in Italy] September 16.

This Court has receiv'd Advice from Bologna, as well as from Rome, that the Spaniſh Army was preparing to return into the Romagna, and drawing nearer the Panaro, in order to which Commiſſaries had been already ſent to ſeveral Parts, for providing Subſiſtance for them. Proper Orders have been ſent by this Court to Count d'Apremont, to attend Marſhal Traun at Buonporto near Modena, and to concert with him what may be neceſſary for oppoſing any Attempt the Spaniards might make for paſſing the Panaro, for which the 14 Battalions and 4 Regiments of Horſe and Dragoons, which the King of Sardinia left in Lombardy, join'd to the Troops of the Queen of Hungary, that amount to at leaſt 12,000 Men, including the Croatians, are tho't to be fully ſufficient, eſpecially in this Seaſon of the Year. The Infant Don Philip was expected the 11th at Chambery with his whole Retinue. The Spaniſh Troops are in the Vallies of Savoy and Tarentaiſe, where they commit great Diſorders.

Ferrara, [in Italy] September 15.

The Friends of the Duke de Montemar appear extremely dejected at his being recalled, the rather becauſe the Order for that Purpoſe was conceiv'd in very harſh Terms. Her Catholick Majeſty, it is ſaid, is extremely irritated againſt him, and the Miniſtry pretend to find Abundance of Faults in his Conduct. He ſhews himſelf, however, no Sort of Concern. When he read the Order, he ſaid calmly to the Officer who brought it, 'Sir, It will appear much 'ſtranger to impartial Judges, that an Army ſo ill provi'ded as mine was, did not periſh entirely, than that it 'performed ſo little.'

Berlin, [in Pruſſia] September 18.

His Majeſty ſet out the Day before Yeſterday for Breſlau, where he will remain ſome Days, in order to receive the Homage of the States of the Upper Sileſia, but in a Month's Time we expect he will return hither. As his Majeſty has given Orders for a new Field Equipage to be got ready, we take it for granted that he will make another Campaign this Year; and as Prudence is the Parent, and Succeſs the Daughter, of all his Majeſty's Enterprizes, his Subjects enter with the utmoſt Confidence into all his Majeſty's Views. We are well inform'd here, that a Treaty which has been long negociating, has been lately concluded, between moſt of the Princes of great Rank in the Empire, for the mutual Guaranty of their Dominions; and it is farther reported, that a Grand Alliance is on the Point of being concluded at the Hague, into which his Poliſh Majeſty and our Sovereign will enter.

Ratisbon, [a free Imperial City in Bavaria] Sept. 17.

For ſome Days paſt we have had no News from either of the Armies in Bohemia; the laſt Intelligence we had was, that Marſhal Maillebois was in full March for Moring; and that a Detachment from the Garriſon of Egra had ſurprized Count Lobkowitz with 200 Dragoons near the Town of Rana. When the Marſhal is arrived in his Camp at Moring, he will then be but ſix Miles from Prince Charles. Field Marſhal Seckendorff has juſt paſs'd the Danube at Kilheim, and is marching towards Munich, whither Baron Berenclau is retired with the Forces under his Command. It is ſaid that the Imperial General (*Seckendorff*) intends to form the Siege of that City, but if we have had a fair Account of the Situation of Things there, this will be an impracticable Undertaking, conſidering the Strength of the new Fortifications, and that the Auſtrians have in it a Body of Troops very little inferior in Force to thoſe which are ſaid to be employ'd in forming the Siege.

CHARLES-TOWN, December 20.

A Marriage is talk'd of (in *London*) to be near concluded, between His Royal Highneſs Prince *William* Duke of *Cumberland*, and a Siſter of his *Pruſſian* Majeſty.

On Saturday ſail'd from *Rebellion Road*, on a Cruize, the *Flamborough* Man of War, Capt *Hamar*; he at the ſame convoys ſome outward bound Ships ſome Leagues off the Coaſt.—'Tis ſaid a *Spaniſh* Privateer is now on our Coaſt.

We hear, that the *Philadelphia* Privateer commanded by Capt *John Sibbald*, has taken two *Spaniſh* Prizes, one whereof, 'tis ſaid, is very rich.

Cuſtom-Houſe CHARLES-TOWN,

Entred Inwards.

Ship Phœnix, William Willſon from Philadelphia.
Ship Lydia, James Abercromby from New England.
Snow Suſanna, Ephraim Styles from London.
Brigt. Rebecca, Mathew Woodford from New-York.

Entred Outwards.

Ship Lydia, James Abercromby for Cowes.
Ship Samuel, William Warden, and
Brigt. Richard, Samuel Hallin for London.
Snow Joſeph, Henry Rowe for Briſtol.

Clear'd for Departure.

Ship Succeſs, James Comerford to Falmouth.

Exported from this Place ſince Nov. 1. 1742.

Rice, 4648 Barrels. Tarr, 199 Barrels.
Pitch, 982 Barrels. Turpentine, 481 Barrels.
Deer-Skins, 82 Hogſheads.

Prices of the following Goods, of the Produce of the Province.

Rice *per Cent.* 45 *ſh.* Skins *per lb.* 15 *ſ.*
Pitch *per Barrel*, 40 *ſ.* Staves *per* 1000, 15 *l.*
Tar, 30 *ſ* 0 *d.* Corn *per Buſhel*, 10 *ſh.*
Turpentine, 15 *ſh.* Peaſe, 10 *ſ.* 0 *d.*

Of the Produce of Foreign Parts,

Flour *per Ct.* 5 *l.* 10 *Barbadoes* Rum *per Hhd.* 23/9
Brown Bread 5 *l.* *Antigua* ——, 22 *ſ.* 6 *d*
Ship ——, 6 *l.* Meaſſes, 10 *ſh.*
Middling ——, 7 *l.* 10 *Madeira* Wine *per Pipe*, 130 *l.*
Milk ——, *per Qu. Ca.* 70 *ſ.* Fine Salt *per Buſhel*, 17 *ſh.* 6
White ——, 60 *ſh.* Coarſe —, 20 *ſh.*
New-York Beer *per Barrel*, 8 *l.*

Advertiſements.

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JUST *imported in the* Suſanna, *Captain* Styles *from* London, *and to be ſold by* James Reid, *who is removed into his new Houſe in* Broad-ſtreet, *next Door but one to Capt.* Simmons's, *a choice aſſortment of ready made cloaths, ſtrip'd duffils, plains, broad cloths, white and ſtrip'd flannels, bed blankets, ſailor's matraſſes and blankets, large matraſſes, cordrids, broad and narrow bunting, ſilk and worſted damaſks, callimancoes, ſilk and ſtuff quilted coats, alapines, bombazines, everlaſting, 3 4th 7 8th and yard wide garlix, nuns holland, tandems, callicoes, chintz, carridarries, ginghams, chilloes, china, taffaties, cotton romals, iriſh Linnens, cambrick, Lace,* Ruſſia *and check'd Linnens, dowlas, cotton counterpains, dimities,* Ruſſia *and* Raven *duck ticklenbergs, oznaburghs, whited brown, bleach'd and oznaburgh threads, tea, Ship chandlery, cutlary ware, white Lead, Spaniſh brown, Linſeed oyl, Lampblack, fine Durham flour of muſtard, ſilk, thread and worſted hoſe, nails, beſt broad hoes, cordage, marline, houſeline, ſewing twine, ſail needles, ſail maker's palms, gloves, brooms, bruſhes, ſtrouds, trading guns, bullets, ſmall ſhot, piſtols, earthen ware, and ſundry other Things too tedious to mention*

TO BE SOLD by *Charles Wright* & Company, at their Store near *Pompon Bridge*, on Monday the 10th of *January* enſuing, a Parcel of choice Slaves, well vers'd in Plantation Buſineſs Reaſonable Credit will be given, paying Intereſt from the Time of Sale, and giving approved Security.

TO BE SOLD at publick Vendue, on Monday the 10th of *January* enſuing, at the Houſe of *Samuel Stone* of *Dorcheſter*, deceaſed, *all the real and perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid* Stone, *conſiſting of ſome valuable Slaves, a Houſe and Lot with Stores and other Conveniencies, ſituate in* Dorcheſter Town, *and joins the Wharff at the Publick Landing, ſome Houſhold Furniture, &c. One Year's Credit will be given, on approved Security, and Intereſt from the Day of Sale.*

JAMES ROUSHAM.

N.B *ALL Perſons that have any Demands whatſoever, on the ſaid Eſtate, are hereby deſired to bring in their Accompts properly atteſted to* James Rouſham *aforeſaid, that he may take ſuitable Meaſures for the Diſcharge thereof. Thoſe likewiſe who ſtand indebted to that Eſtate, are deſired to ſettle or diſcharge their reſpective Accompts, &c. by the firſt of* March *next, after which they will be put to the Charge of ſettling with a Lawyer.*

SUCH Perſons as are indebted to JAMES AUBER of *Gooſe Creek*, Store Keeper, are deſired to diſcharge their Accompts by the 10th of *January* enſuing, at which Time Neceſſity compels him to ſue thoſe who neglect the ſame. Thoſe he ſtands indebted to are likewiſe deſired to ſend him their Accompts, in order to be juſtly ſettled, and Propoſals made for paying the ſame.

NB. Two Tracts of Land of 400 Acres each, contiguous to Town, in *St. John's* Pariſh, to be ſold by the ſaid *Auber*

STRAY'D *or ſtolen from Mrs.* Kath. Cattell's *Plantation on* Long Savannah, *two pacing Geldings, one a bright Bay, 14 Hands and Half high, Spaniſh Breed, with a long Switch Tail a Star in his Forehead, long Neck, thin Head, very ſhort ſtraight Foot locks, and round Hoofs, branded* ○+ *in one. The other a brown Bay, about 14 Hands high, round and ſtrong made, a long ſwitch Tail and Bow Main, branded* + *Whoever brings the ſaid Geldings to Mrs* Katherine Cattell's, *ſhall have 5 l reward for each: Having been inform'd ſuch Horſes were ſeen about* Beach Hill *with Riders on them, any Perſon proving them to be detain'd or made Uſe of, ſhall receive* Fifty Pounds *reward from*

JOHN MULRYNE.

FROM off *Charles-Town* Green was lately ſtolen or ſtray'd, a large Roan Horſe, branded with WE in one. Whoever takes up and brings the ſaid Horſe to the Subſcriber in *Charles Town*, or can give him ſuch Intelligence of him that he may be had again, ſhall have 5 *l.* reward and reaſonable Charges of ROBERT HARVEY.

TO BE SOLD *the Houſe and Lot Mrs.* Logan, *ſen. lately lived in, alſo a Lot in* Beauford Town, *No* 76; *any Perſon inclining to purchaſe, may treat with* John Daniel, *or* Martha Logan *who lives in the ſaid Houſe, and deſigns to take young Ladies to board; and will (if deſired) teach them Reading, and plain Work by ſeveral ſorts of fine Works, very reaſonably; That ſhe may take more particular Care for the Inſtruction of her Boarders, ſhe will not take in above Twelve, and will cauſe them to be taught Writing and Dancing at Home if required.*

MARTHA LOGAN.

JUST imported from *New-York*, and to be ſold by *John Moore* at his Store on Mr *Skute's* Wharff, Flour, Ship, Middling, White, and Milk Biſcuit, Beer, Cheeſe, Butter, and *Barbados* Rum.

JUST imported in the *Suſannah, Ephraim Styles* from *London*, and to be ſold by *Stiell* & *Hume* at their Store in *Broad-ſtreet*, viz. *a choice Aſſortment of ſuper fine broad cloths and trimmings, gold and ſilver Lace, vellum, thread, 3 4th and 7 8th garlix, hollands, ſtotting Linnen, cambricks, callicoes, patterns for Beds, chintz, womens Leather, callimanco, ſilk, worſted, damask,* Morocco, *and* Dantzick *ſhoes, ſingle and double chamnel pumps and ſhoe boots, ſaddles, portmantuas, ready fill'd Beds, Bolſters and pillows, matraſſes, counterpains, bed blankets and duffils, with moſt ſorts of woollens, womens ſilk cloggs, ſcarlet cloaks and mantelets, velvet caps and hoods and braid Lace, mahogany fram'd Looking glaſſes, chairs and tables, ſingle and double refin'd ſugar, green and bohea tea, ſpices,* Levant coffee, Glouceſter *cheeſe, broad and narrow hoes, ſmoothing Irons, axes, ſtove grates with Polers, ſhovels and tongs, and braſs fenders, with variety of other goods to be ſold at the loweſt Prices.*

IMPORTED in the *Loyal Judith*, Captain *Cowie* a parcel of *Gu[illegible]* Hoſe And ſundry other Goods to be ſold reaſonably by EDWARD SIMPSON.

He has likewiſe a choice Tract of Land containing 800 Acres, moſt of which is Cypres and Tupalo Swamp, adjoining Capt. *Hunting* and Mr. *Wm. Shackleford's* Land in *Craven* County Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe it, may have one, two, or three Years Credit, paying Intereſt.

TO BE SOLD by *Benjamin Hall* in *Tradd-ſtreet*, the beſt Wine Vinegar at 10 *ſh per* Gallon, Orange Water, Anniſeed, Geneva, Clove at 40 *s* Lemon Water, Tanſey and Aqua Mirabilis at 50 *s* Cinamon at 4 *l.* Citron at 6 *l per* Gallon Likewiſe diſtill'd Vinegar and rectify'd Spirit of Wine. All (in their reſpective Kinds) *PREFERABLE* to any made and commonly ſold in *Charles Town*

THIS is to give Notice to all the Inhabitants that make Uſe of any Landing on the North Side of *Stono River*, from *Wappoo* Creek upwards, and on the North and South Branches of the ſaid River, and the North Weſt Side of the ſaid River, as far as *New Cut*, and all the Inhabitants on *John's Iſland* that make Uſe of any Landing from Colonel *John Penwicke's* Plantation to *New Cut*, to meet at the Houſe of Mr *Thomas Wallis*, every Wedneſday in the aforeſaid time, to render an Account in Writing, upon Oath, to the Commiſſioners (or any one of them) for *Wappoo Creek* whoſe Names are hereunder written, of the Number of all their Male Whites as well as Slaves from the Age of 16 to 60 Years, within thirty Days after the Date hereof. We hope every Body that is liable to pay towards cutting the Creek aforeſaid, will comply according to the Time ſet in the Advertiſement, and not give the Commiſſioners the Trouble to ſend out Warrants, which they will do to the very Day

ISAAC WAIGHT,
December 13, 1742. JOHN STANYARNE,
THOMAS TATNALL.

Part of a Paragraph of a Law made the 3d Day of *June*, 1742. ' Shall within thirty Days after publick Notice given by two or more Advertiſements, ſigned by the Commiſſioners; and in caſe he, ſhe or they do refuſe or neglect ſo to do, each Perſon ſo offending ſhall treble the Sum ſuch Perſons was aſſeſſed in the laſt preceding Year's Provincial Tax, to be recovered by Warrant of Diſtreſs on the Goods and Chattels on the Offenders, under Hand and Seal of the Majority of the ſaid Commiſſioners

STOLEN out of my Stable at *Gooſe-Creek*, on Sunday Night the 5th Inſtant, a likely Bay Gelding five Years old next Spring, branded on the mounting Shoulder with a Bunch of Grapes, and a Bridle, Saddle, and Halter with Head Stall. Whoever will diſcover the Perſon or Perſons that did the Fact, ſo as he or they may be apprehended and ſhall be convicted thereof, ſhall receive the 20 *l.* JAMES KINLOCH.

ALL Perſons who are Creditors or Debtors of *John Thompſon*, jun. of *Winyaw*, deceaſed, are hereby deſired to make known the Amount of their ſeveral Demands, and immediately to ſettle and pay off their reſpective Debts, to *John Rattray*, who is appointed by the ſaid *Thompſon's* Executors to receive the ſame.